

BOARD OF DEPARTMENTAL EXAMINATION FOR E.T.I's (ASTE0)
DECEMBER, 2018
(PAPER-I (LAW OF CRIMES))

Time allowed: Three hours

Maximum Marks-100

- Note: (1) Attempt any five questions and at least one from each part.
(2) All questions carry equal marks.
(3) Only bare Acts of I.P.C. Cr.P.C. and Indian Evidence Act are allowed to be consulted. No book having short notes is allowed.

Q.No.1. What is Robbery? Explain, when Theft is Robbery and when Extortion is Robbery? Also explain the difference between Robbery & Dacoity.
(20 Marks)

Q.No.2. Distinguish between
(a) Common intention and common object.
(b) Abduction and Kidnapping.
(c) Wrongful restraint and wrongful confinement.
(d) Dishonest mis-appropriation and criminal breach of trust.
(5*4=20 Marks)

Q.No.3. What is the essential ingredient of offence of murder? Discuss the difference between culpable homicide and murder.
(20 Marks)

Q.No.4. (a) In what circumstances, can a magistrate proceed against any person requiring him to furnish security for keeping peace for the purpose of commission of an offence. ?
(10 Marks)
(b) Whether a private person is competent to arrest any person? If so, under what circumstances. Refer the relevant section of law.
(10 Marks)

Q.No.5. (a) Whether more than one offence can be tried together? If so, under what circumstances?
(10 Marks)
(b) What is the procedure laid down under the code of criminal procedure to conduct the search of closed premises? Refer the relevant section of law.
(10 Marks)

Q.No.6. Define and explain the following:
(a) Investigation
(b) Office-in-Charge of a Police Station
(c) Cognizable and non-cognizable offence
(d) Offence
(5*4=20 Marks)

Q.No.7. What is the secondary evidence? When secondary evidence relating to a document can be given? (20 Marks)

Q.No.8. (a) Whether a confession made before the police by an accused while in custody, can be proved against him? (10 Marks)

(b) How much of the information received by the Police from the accused in custody be proved against him? (10 Marks)

Q.No.9. (a) What is the evidentiary value of the entries in the public record made in performance of official duty? (10 Marks)

(b) What are the facts which need not to be proved under the Indian Evidence Act? (10 Marks)