

# H.P. BOARD OF DEPARTMENTAL EXAMINATION

Departmental Examination for Tehsildars / Naib Tehsildars etc. October 2010.

Paper -7 (Local & Special Laws)

M. Marks: 100

Time Allowed: 3hrs.

Note: 1. Attempt any five questions, all questions carry equal marks.

2. You can consult bare acts / Rules.

3. Citation of law would add to your score

Q. No.1 (a)

Define the following terms under the Indian Forest Act, 1927.

(i) Forest officer

(ii) Forest offence

(iii) Forest produce

(iv) Timber

(v) Protected Forest

2x5 = (10)

Q. No.1 (b)

Is there any power under the Indian Forest Act to arrest a person without a warrant? If so what are the grounds of arrest and procedure to be followed after arrest.

(5)

Q. No.1 (c)

What are the amendments carried in Indian Forest Act 1927 in respect of Section (52) by the state of Himachal Pradesh?

(5)



Q. No. 2 (a)

What are the provisions relating to grant of licenses under the Arms Act 1959 and what are the grounds of refusal of licenses under the act?

(15)

Q.No.2 (b)

Where a person should deposit his arms/ ammunition when his arms license is suspended or revoked?

(5)

Q. No. 3 (a)

How the Special Police – officers are appointed under the Police Act, 1861? Who appoints them and under what circumstances? What are the duties enshrined to such officer under the Act?

(10)

Q. No. 3 (b)

What are the powers of Police Officers under Section 34 of the Police Act 1861 and where such powers are placed in the Himachal Police Act, 2007?

(10)

Q. No. 4 (a)

An applicant requested to the Public Information Officer to seek the information about the qualification of one employee of the department, along with the details of his property/ assets. Is the Public Information Officer bound to provide the information? If so, describe this case by quoting the specific section of the RTI, Act, 2005.

(10)

Q.No. 4 (b)

Explain the following terms under the RTI Act, 2005.

- (i) Public authority.
- (ii) Right to Information.
- (iii) Record.



(iv) Competent Authority

(v) Appropriate Government.

(2x5)

Q. No. 5 (a)

Distinguish the following terms under the Punjab Excise Act, 1914

(i) Lahan / Liquor

(ii) Excise Duty/ Excise Revenue

(iii) Intoxicant/ Intoxicating Drugs.

(iv) Spirit/ Tari.

(v) Country Liquor/Foreign liquor.

(2x5)

Q. No. 5 (b)

What are the penalty provisions for selling liquor or intoxicating drug to a person under the twenty five of age or employing them or women, under the Punjab Excise Act, 1914?

(10)

Q. No. 6 (a)

What are the powers of Food inspectors under the Prevention of Food Adulteration Act, 1954?

(15)

Q. No. 6 (b)

Define the term 'Essential Commodity' under the Essential Commodities Act, 1955.

(5)

Q. No. 7 (a)

Explain the powers of court to release certain offenders after admonition under the probation of Offenders Act, 1958.

(12)



Q. No. 7 (b)

How the court proceeds under the Probation of Offenders Act, 1958, if the offender violates the conditions of bond?

(8)

Q No. 8 (a)

Name the registers, which are to be maintained by each police station under chapter XXII of the Punjab Police Rules 1934.

(10)

Q. No. 8 (b)

Who is competent to dispense with a surgical examination of the body i.e. (Post-mortem examination) and under what circumstances, in terms of provisions of Chapter XXV of the Punjab Police Rules 1934, also cite the such provisions under Code of Criminal procedure 1973?

(10)

Q. No. 9 (a)

What is criminal misconduct by a public servant under the Prevention of Corruption Act? Elaborate answer with two concrete examples.

(10)

Q. No. 9 (b)

Define the term 'Public Servant' under the Prevention of Corruption Act.

(10)

Q. No. 10 (a)

What are the grounds of refusal of licenses under The Indian Explosive Act, 1884?

(10)

Q. No. 10(b)

Distinguish between Judicial lock up and Police lock up with one example in each case.

(10)