BOARD OF DEPARTMENTAL EXAMINATION GOVT. OFFICER/ OFFICIAL (TEHSILDAR/ NAIB-TEHSILDAR)

APRIL/ 2011 Paper 5 (Criminal law and procedure)

Max marks: 100 TIME ALLOWED: 3 HOURS Note: Attempt any five questions in all and at least one from each part. All questions carry equal marks. PART-I Q.1 a) Describe the procedure and powers of Executive Magistrate for asking security for keeping and maintaining peace in the area under his jurisdiction. b) Under which provisions of Cr.PC a Executive Magistrate can ask to execute a bond for maintaining peace before the completion of inquiry? c) What is the procedure for rejecting surety furnished to maintain peace and tranquility in the area. Discuss? Q.2 a) How the search of a closed premises can be effected? What are the necessary precautions to be taken at the time of search? (10)b) Describe the procedure of inquiry by a Magistrate into the cause of death and to (10)hold inquests. Write short notes on the following: Q.3 Inquiry and investigation under the Cr.PC. Cognizable offence and non-cognizable offence. 11) (5) Summon case and a warrant case. iii) Report of Police Officer on completion of investigation. (5)iv) PART-II Q.4 a) What is confession and when it is admissible. Explain with reference to Indian (10)Evidence Act? b) Distinguish between Primary and Secondary evidence. (10)Q.5 a) What do you understand by dying declaration under Evidence Act, when it relates (10)to cause of death. Explain? (10)b) What are the facts which Court must take judicial notice? Q.6 a) Which documents are considered public document. Explain? b) Under which Section of Evidence Act, Court can presume the commission of offence of dowry death. c) What is the mode of proof of public documents and other official documents? (5) d) Can Court may presume existence of certain facts comment briefly?

PART-III

070	What is theft under the Indian Penal Code. Explain by giving Section of lav	w?
Q.7.a)		(10)
	Explain.	(10)
b)	Describe difference between theft and extortion.	_
O 8 a)	What do you understand by culpable homicide under the Indian Penal Coo	ie.
Q.0.a)		(10)
	Explain in detail?	30
b)	In what cases the right of private defence of property extends to causing	(10)
	of death?	(10)
Q.9.	Write short notes on the following:	
Q.J.	i) Mischief.	(5)
		(5)
	ii) Criminal trespass.	(5)
	iii) Dowry death under IPC.	(3)
	iv) Assault and Criminal Force.	(5)